

# In the United States Court of Federal Claims

OFFICE OF SPECIAL MASTERS

No. 15-150V

Filed: October 26, 2016

TO BE PUBLISHED

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RONALD WATKINS,

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Petitioner,

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v.

SECRETARY OF HEALTH  
AND HUMAN SERVICES,

\* Attorneys' Fees and Costs;

\* Special Processing Unit ("SPU")

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Respondent.

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*Michael McLaren, Black McLaren Jones Ryland & Griffey PC, Memphis, TN, for petitioner.*

*Camille Collett, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, DC, for respondent.*

## DECISION ON ATTORNEYS' FEES AND COSTS<sup>1</sup>

**Dorsey**, Chief Special Master:

On February 18, 2015, petitioner filed a petition for compensation under the National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program, 42 U.S.C. §300aa-10, *et seq.*,<sup>2</sup> (the "Vaccine Act"). Petitioner alleged that he suffered a shoulder injury following receipt of his October 1, 2013 influenza vaccination. On January 28, 2016, the undersigned issued a decision awarding compensation to petitioner based on the parties' stipulation. (ECF No. 28). Petitioner now moves for attorneys' fees and costs, which are awarded in the amount of \$22,265.32, reduced from \$24,699.07 for the reasons described below.

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<sup>1</sup> Because this decision contains a reasoned explanation for the action in this case, the undersigned intends to post it on the United States Court of Federal Claims' website, in accordance with the E-Government Act of 2002. 44 U.S.C. § 3501 note (2012) (Federal Management and Promotion of Electronic Government Services). In accordance with Vaccine Rule 18(b), petitioner has 14 days to identify and move to redact medical or other information, the disclosure of which would constitute an unwarranted invasion of privacy. If, upon review, the undersigned agrees that the identified material fits within this definition, the undersigned will redact such material from public access.

<sup>2</sup> National Childhood Vaccine Injury Act of 1986, Pub. L. No. 99-660, 100 Stat. 3755. Hereinafter, for ease of citation, all "\$" references to the Vaccine Act will be to the pertinent subparagraph of 42 U.S.C. § 300aa (2012).

On April 15, 2016, petitioner filed a motion for attorneys' fees and costs to be awarded to petitioner's counsel, Black McLaren Jones Ryland & Griffey, P.C., of Memphis, Tennessee (hereinafter "the McLaren firm"). (ECF No. 32.) Petitioner's motion requested total compensation of \$24,699.07. (ECF No. 32-2, p. 13.) This includes charges for 78.50 hours of work performed by various attorneys and staff at the McLaren firm as well as \$2,593.57 in advances and expenses. (ECF No. 32-2, p. 12.) In accordance with General Order #9, petitioner filed a signed statement confirming that petitioner incurred no expenses pursuing this claim. (ECF No. 32-3.)

On April 26, 2016, respondent filed a response to petitioner's motion in which she noted that petitioner had met the statutory requirements for an award of attorneys' fees and costs, but declined to further address the specifics of petitioner's request, instead deferring to the special master's discretion. (ECF No. 33, p. 2.) Citing a lack of resources necessary to make detailed objections, respondent disclaimed any role in resolving petitioner's request for an award of fees and costs. (ECF No. 33, p. 1; p. 3, fn. 1.) Nonetheless, respondent "assert[ed] that a reasonable amount for fees and costs in the present case would fall between \$12,000.00 to \$14,000.00." (ECF No. 33, p. 3.) Respondent provided little basis or explanation for how she arrived at this proposed range, citing only five prior SIRVA cases. (*Id.*)

In a reply filed on April 26, 2016, petitioner contended that respondent's proposed range should be considered to "carry no persuasive value." (ECF No. 34, p. 1.) Petitioner noted that there is no way for petitioner to gauge respondent's claim that the cited cases are, in fact, similar. (*Id.*, p. 2.)

Upon review of the billing records filed in this case, the undersigned finds no cause to reduce either the costs or number of hours billed. The undersigned notes, however, that Mr. Webb billed 8.5 hours for travel time on March 26, 2015, and a further 8 hours on March 27, 2015, amounting to billing of \$4,867.50. (ECF No. 32-2, pp. 4-5.) Notwithstanding the fact that Mr. Webb was noted to be working on case review en route, the undersigned reduces these hours by 50%. See, e.g., *Hocraffer v. HHS*, No. 99-533V, 2011 WL 3705153, at \*24 (noting that "Special masters consistently award compensation for travel time at 50% of the billing rate in the Vaccine Program."). This results in a reduction of \$2,433.75.

The undersigned is aware that in other cases the parties are litigating the appropriate hourly rate for the attorneys at the McLaren firm. However, in light of all the facts and circumstances of this case, particularly including the history of expedited resolution within the Special Processing Unit, the undersigned finds that, notwithstanding the above reduction, the overall amount sought for attorneys' fees and costs is otherwise reasonable. Further analysis is not warranted. Special Masters are entitled to rely on their own experience and understanding of the issues raised. *Wasson v. HHS*, 24 Cl. Ct. 482, 483 (Fed. Cl. 1991) *aff'd in relevant part*, 988 F.2d 131 (Fed.Cir.1993) (per curiam). *J.B. v. HHS*, No. 15-67V, 2016 WL 4046871 (Fed. Cl. Spec. Mstr. July 8, 2016) (addressing attorneys' fees and costs in the context of a history of attorneys' fees and costs awards in over 300 similarly situated SPU cases.).

The undersigned need not determine in this instance whether the law firm of Black McLaren Jones Ryland & Griffey is entitled to forum rates set forth in *McCulloch v. Sec'y of HHS*, 2015 U.S. Claims LEXIS 1227 (Sept. 1, 2015).<sup>3</sup>

Based on all of the above, the undersigned finds that petitioner's counsel is entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees and costs as follows:

Requested attorneys' fees (based on 78.5 total hours):	\$22,105.50
Less 50% reduction for 16.5 travel hours:	<u>-\$2,433.75</u>
Adjusted total:	\$19,671.75
Costs:	\$2,593.57
<b>Total Attorneys' Fees and Costs Awarded:</b>	<b>\$22,265.32</b>

**Accordingly, the undersigned awards a lump sum of \$22,265.32, representing reimbursement for attorneys' fees and costs, in the form of a check payable jointly to petitioner and petitioner's counsel, Black McLaren Jones Ryland & Griffey, P.C.**

The clerk of the court shall enter judgment in accordance herewith.<sup>4</sup>

**IT IS SO ORDERED.**

s/Nora Beth Dorsey  
Nora Beth Dorsey  
Chief Special Master

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<sup>3</sup> The undersigned stresses that, unlike other McLaren fee applications currently being litigated, respondent raised no issue in this case regarding the hourly rates requested in this case. (ECF No. 32.) Rather, respondent deferred to the Special Master's discretion specifically in an effort to promote efficiency and avoid litigation regarding petitioner's attorneys' fees. (ECF No. 32, p. 3, fn. 1.) Thus, although the undersigned initially issued a notice indicating that she intended to await resolution of the pending hourly rate issue by another special master before acting on the instant motion (ECF No. 36), the undersigned now concludes that further delay in awarding petitioner's counsel fees to which they are indisputably entitled under the Vaccine Act would be inequitable since respondent has not indicated a desire to litigate that issue *in this case*. The parties have briefed the issue of counsel's rate in other cases on the undersigned's docket. The undersigned expects to address this issue in those cases.

<sup>4</sup> Pursuant to Vaccine Rule 11(a), entry of judgment can be expedited by the parties' joint filing of notice renouncing the right to seek review.